road that paralleled it and the Germans were unable to carry the position by storm.

After falling back, the Germans hurriedly entrenched and mounted artillery with which they are now bombarding Liege and Namur from a half circular position extending for eight miles.

Both Liege and Namur have been set on fire by shells. The fight at Liege will be long continued, as this is the strongest point in all Belgium. The defenses of the city comprise twelve forts on the outskirts of the city, all equipped with modern artillery. The garrison is strong, and additional troops were rushed there yesterday.

The war office is confident that Liege can hold out against the German attack indefinitely and that the German movement through Belgium has now been rendered ineffective.

The towns of Vise and Argemen have been burned by the Germans and scores of Belgians slain.

## Dutch Troops Fall Back Before German Advance

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Aug. 5.—Germany has invaded neutral Holland in an attempt to rush troops across to aid in the invasion of Belgium.

Fierce fighting is in progress, the Dutch troops falling back slowly before a steady German advance.

The losses on both sides are heavy.

## Germany Pours 100,000 Men Over French Line

PARIS, Aug. 5:- The German army is advancing through the gap between Toul and Epinal.

Constant fighting has been in progress all along the frontier for the last twelve hours. Both sides have lost heavily and the French wounded are arriving at Nancy, the mobilization headquarters for that district.

It is stated that the German army numbers more than 100,000 men and comprises all classes of troops. The fighting to date has been mostly an artillery duel.

The Germans are entrenching as they advance.

### GERMAN WAR AVIATOR KILLED BY BELGIANS.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 5.-A German aviator flew across the Belgium defenses outside of Liege today. He was greeted with a storm of bullets from the forces and literally shot to pieces, falling to the ground in the middle of the Belgian force. As a result of this other German airmen who had been seen in the distance flew back to the German lines.

## GERMANY DEMANDS AID FROM ITALY.

to her treaty obligations. The German ambassador today formally notified the foreign office that Germany had been attacked by France and England, and that expected the aid pledged in the treaty. The cabinet immediately met to consider the appeal, but it is believed that Italy will continue to try to maintain her neutrality.

# Congress Passes Big Relief Bill

Without opposition and without debate the House and Senate this afternoon passed a bill appropriating \$2,-500,000 for the relief of American ctiizens who are stranded in Europe. The bill was sent to the Senate from the House shortly after 1 o'clock. . Senator Martin made a favorable report on it from the Appropriations Committee and it was immediately passed. The President will sign it late this afternoon.

The bill was reported by the House Appropriations Committee following a hearing at which Secretary Bryan and Secretary McAdoo emphasized the necessity of immediate action for the relief of Americans abroad. . They estimated that there are now at least 50,000 Americans to be brought home from Europe.

## TO SEND GOLD ALSO.

planned to send the \$2,500,000 in gold by the armored cruiser Tennessee tomorrow night. On the same ship will be Fork bankers for taking care of letters London and through fiscal agencies ap- and that Germany would permit aliens proved by the President.

Mr. Sherley announced to the House Mr. Sheriey announced to the state been today hat arrangements have been man Moore, members of the Appropriations of the Appropriati private remittances to relatives abroad. These remittances may be turned over to Col. A. L. Smith or Major J. A. Logan, aboard the Tennessee at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Congressman Fitzgerald in urging im mediate action on the appropriation bill said it was not only necessary to re-lieve the distress of Americans in said it was not only necessary to relieve the distress of Americans in Europe, but that the presence there of citizens of the United States "is a constant menace to the peace and policy day would be sufficient for the pur
Would Be Sufficient.

"He says so," remarked Mayor Mitchell, who, with Collector of the Por Dudley Field Malone, was there to see that the \$2,500,000 appropriated tostant menace to the peace and policy day would be sufficient for the pur
order over to put a few in the hospital.

say that it is the purpose of the Administration to do everything in its tions were made that the passage of Ireland entwined with the tri-color of the relieve Americans in these the bill will have a reassuring effect.

They told the committee that it is countries of Europe. The President bemembers, regardless of party row night. On the same ship will be congressman Davis asked if it were about \$5,000,000 in gold supplied by New true that the German government had Fork bankers for taking care of letters forbidden all allens to leave its boundafork nankers for taking care of teters of credit now held by Americans in Europe—the entire amount to be distributed, under present plans, from this was but a temporary prohibition.

to leave as soon as the mobilization tactics were concluded. Answering questions from Congressthis country in the delivery of cable messages to relatives abroad and that the Department is doing everything in Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, was

found in the war zone. Would Be Sufficient.

Wins House appliance.

The House applianced Mr. Fitzgerald when he said:

"I am authorized by the President to say that it is the purpose of the Adsay in the said in the purpose of the Adsay that it is the purpose of the Adsay in the said in the

FRENCH AND GERMAN TROOPS, AND WAR MACHINES



E PHOTOS UNDERWOOD OND UNDERWOOD

of German Infantrymen In Sunken Fortification.

## LUSITANIA MAKES DASH FOR ENGLAND

Cunard Giantess Will Be Convoyed by the British Cruiser Essex.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.-The giantess, Lusitania, is today racing for England under convoy of the British cruiser Essex. With 200 passengers aboard and a rich cargo, in-cluding \$200,000 in gold, the liner slipped from her pier at 1:20 a. m. today and dashed out into the gloom of early dawn confident of eluding capture by three German warships believed to be watching and waiting to prey on Brit-

The British cruiser Essex convoyed

The British cruiser Essex convoyed the White Star liner Olympic into safety off the entrance to New York harbor last night, and then slipped into the night, awaiting word from the Lusitania that she had started.

Captain Dow's orders on the Lusitania were that every deck light should be extinguished evcept the masthead and port and starboard signal lamps. Below decks portholes were blanketed to conceal state room and saloon lights. The Lusitania's officers laughed at the possibility of capture by German warships. The Cunarder speeds twenty-seven knots an hour, faster than most Sandy Hook was built to make this speed, but has made it only for a short distance on a trial trip.

Captain Dow expects to make the trip to England in less than five days.

W. J. Pettus London.

W. J. Pettus, London.

trip to England in less than five days. Ordinarily the Lusitania's running time is five and one half days. She carried reserve coal supplies and will steam under forced draft.

The Cunard liner will be accompanied by British or French cruisers all the way across, according to her officers. From wireless signals picked up here, it is believed that at the present time there are three German cruisers and the converted liner Kronprinz Wilhelm; I three British cruisers and three French cruisers patrolling the high seas just off the entrance to New York harbor. It is not believed the Germans will risk the chance of an encounter with the French and British vessels.

The White Star Liner Olympic and the Hamburg-American liner President Hamburg-American liner President

Lincoln arrived today.

The Olympia came from Southampton and on the last stage of her voyage was in constant wireless touch with one

was in constant wireless touch with one of the British cruisers which steamed within a short distance of her during the last stages of the trip.

The President Lincoln came from Hamburg. Passengers of the President Lincoln told a thrilling story of the flight of the liner before what she believed to be a hostile warship last night. Believing danger was passed, officers of the ship announced that the baliroom might be lighted. Just as dancing was at its height, the watch sighted a long streak of light sweeping the southern treak of light sweeping the southern porizon. It swept across the sky and

then the water.

Immediately stewards ran through
the vessel again ordering lights out
and the President Lincoln plunged forward, her engines under increased
pressure. Even the mast and all sailing lights were extinguished and the big ship steamed along in total dark-ness. Not until the three-mile limit was reached were the lights again The President Lincoln saw the dark form of the Lusitania heading out to sea at top speed about 2 a. m.

### Liner Lorraine Sails With 1,200 Reservists

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.-The French liner Lorraine sailed today. Aboard her were 1,200 French reserv ists. They answered the call to the tri-color. Just before the vesesl cleared her dock some one started the "Mar

its power to locate and relieve Amer- one of the reservists answering the call ican citizens wherever they may be of his country. He said he expected to go with the army as a chaplain, or else in the hospital corps.

Mr. Fitzgerald said he was not as- Mitchell, who, with Collector of the Porstant menace to the peace and policy of this country."

"It is highly desirable." he added "that all these American citizens should has no definite means of knowing the amount needed. It is estimated, he said that no untoward incident will occur that may bring on unpleasing the animess between this country and any of the nations now at war."

Wins House Applause.

The House applauded Mr. Fitzgerald when he said:

day would be sufficient for the purposes indicated, as the Administration has no definite means of knowing the amount needed. It is estimated, he said that at least 50,000 Americans are to be brought home.

The bill passed authorizes the President to use the vessels of the United States or to charter other vessels for bringing home American citizens who are stranded abroad. Congressmen had a flag—either French or American. Every person on board the Lorraine had a flag—either French or American citizens should has no definite means of knowing the amount needed. It is estimated, he said that at least 50,000 Americans are to be brought home.

The bill passed authorizes the President to use the Administration in years. British, American, and French liners tied their whisties down to greet her. Only one liner, the Vaterland, from whose flagstaff fluttered the red, white, and black of Germany, did not join.

Every person on board the Lorraine had a flag—either French or American citizens who are stranded abroad. Congressmen had a flag—either French or the hospital."

The soldier ship salled out of New York Harbor amid the greatest demonstration in years. British, American, and French liners the down to greet her. Only one liner, the Vaterland, from whose flagstaff fluttered to use the vessels for bringing home American citizens who are strained and other means of knowing the amount needed. It is estimated, he said that at least 50,000 Americans are to be brought home.

The bill passed authorizes the President to use the vessels of the United States or to charter other vessels for bringing home.

GERMANY'S LATEST DEVICE FOR DESTROYING HOSTILE AIR CRAFT This is the most complete as it is said to be the most destructive form of weapon, so far invented for combating aeroplanes and dirigibles. It is of German design and is cannon, caisson, and motor car all in one. The gun is of high power, the automobile is strong and speedy and the arrangements for carrying ammunition make the device distinguishable from any other of its kind now in existence.

# Hundreds in Europe From Washington

Hundreds of Washingtonians are included among the Americans marooned in Europe. Some of these, of course, war vessels except torpedo boats.

The cruiser Karlsrhue, one of the three German warships now believed off in Italy, Spain, Portugal, and other places. Among those

Mrs. Louise C. Douthirt, London. Miss Lucy Lee Perin, London.

land. Evelyn J. Barnette, London. Miss Abbie B. McCammon, Paris, Miss Edith M. McCammon, Paris. Miss Marion H. Johnston, Florence Italy.

Miss Susan L. Johnston, Florence Italy. Major J. H. Rice, Paris. Mary A. Rice, Paris. Miss Edmonia Alexander, daughter o

Brigadier General Alexander, Paris. Robert W. Bell, son of Charles Bell, touring.
Charles C. Lamborn, assistant treasirer, National Savings and Trust Comany, touring. Dr. T. L. Macdonald, touring.

Dr. Jerome Chase, touring. Mary D. H. Kendall, touring. Miss Irene H. Noble, touring.
Z. T. Mullin, whereabouts unknown.
Dr. Charles W. Richardson, touring Lee McClung, former Treasurer of the United States, London. Miss Dorothy Bertholf, daughter of Captain Bertholf, R. C. S., Dresden

Germany Jackson H. Ralston, touring. William H. Saunders, touring. Mrs. Harvey E. Jester, Paris. Mrs. Robert Smith. Mrs. Melville Church. Miss Maxwell Church T. DeWitt Talmadge

aughter. Rebekah Collier. Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Boyd and son Dr. A. Camp Stanley and wife Dr. A. Camp Stanley and wife.
Judge Howry and family.
Judge Seth Shepard and wife.
Mrs. Mary Farr Perry.
George T. Perter.
Mrs. Clementine Farr Duff.
Rev. Dr. C. B. Stetson.
Dr. W. C Borden and wife.
Gen. Marion Mauss and wife.
Miss Madeline Beckwith.
Miss Lucy Howe.

Miss Lucy Howe. Charles J. Munn. Mrs. George L. Foss, wife of the for her Congressman Foss, Miss Anna McN. Hoyt, Senator and Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge Alexander Legare and wife. Mrs. Helen T. Rodgers. Mrs. Frederica R. Gales,

Mrs. Agnes Lee Miller.

Andrew L. Winton and wife.

Mrs. Katherine E. Looker.

Mrs. Katherine E. Looker.

Mrs. Jeanette E. Richard.

Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh.

W. H. Van Ryker.

Miss Anna M. Huberd. W. H. Van Ryker. Miss Anna M. Hubard. John C. Roberston. Dr. Henry G. Beyer, U. S. N. Lieut, Col. C. de W. Wilcox and wife Mrs. Ethel Hutchins. Harry Wardman and wife. Mrs. W. J. Flather. Miss Lucy N. Flather. Louis D. Wright and wife. Miss Lucy
Louis D. Wright and no.
Miss Fannie Dixon.
Dr. John C. Wise, U. S.
Miss Elizabeth K. Hunt.
Robert M. McElroy.

Hugh H. Gordo Margaret M. McWilliams, Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, U. S. A. Mrs. Phillip Sheridan and daughter. Miss Letitta Montgomery. Thomas Graham and wife. Rev George C. F. Bratenahl. Charles H. Whittaker.

Capt. D. S. Vassilieff. Robert Stead. John Bach and wife. Logan G. McPherson. Raiph A. Graves. John S. Smallwood. Ector O. Munn. Rev. Joakum Alexopoulos.
Miss Josephine A. Patten.
Miss Mary A. Patten.
Miss Helen Patten.

Thomas Ruffin. Mrs. Caroline Story. Mr. and Mrs. Clarke Waggama: Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Bentley,

and Mrs. Edward Fellowes, Mrs. Churchill Candee, Havre. Aulick Palmer, London.
N. N. Cunningham, on the Continent.
Harriet McFarran, on the Continent.
Mrs. L. H. Reichelderfer, Switzer-

Gertrude H. Kellerman, on the Con-A. C. Steubnaecker, on the Continent, Dr. W. G. Schafhirt, on the Conti-Richard Dana Skinner, Germany.

# ASQUITH WANTS HALF **BILLION FOR WAR USE**

quith announced that Germany de- accept any business whatever. clared war on England at 7 o'clock last The English cables are still working, although censorship is slowing up all night. At that hour, he said, the Brit- messages several hours. ish ambassador was handed his passports by the German foreign office. The premier then announced that he about midnight. The cable company said it was one of the last messages to be would ask that the house vote a credit received. of \$500,000,000 for war purposes to-

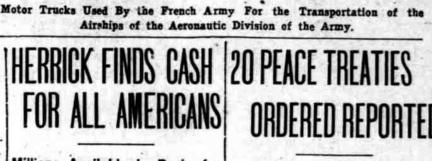
## Vaterland Expected to

NEW YORK, Aug. 5 .- The Hamburg-American liner Vaterland, biggest ship afloat is making ready to slip out and un the gauntlet of British and French crutsers off the New York coast in a esperate attempt to reach Germany, Extraordinary preparations at the vessel's dock, the hailing by special guards of all visitors to the dock and the knowledge that Germany needs the 000 reservists now waiting in New York, give rise to this belief. But the Hamburg-American officials flatly de-nied that the vessel will sail. The liner kept steam up all day today She is on the German navy reserve list, and is needed in the service as a supply

Hold 4 as Spies in London. LONDON, Aug. 5. - Four alleged Ger-

man spies, arrested by Scotland Yard detectives were arraigned in Bow street court today and ordered held without ball.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 5.—Egypt has Navy Department, and it may be necessarred court today and ordered held proclaimed her neutrality in the present sary to lay regulations to observe treaty without ball.



peace treaties. These treaties are

countries of the world. Under them.

causes of controversy are to be re-

Bryan Is Pleased.

before the Foreign Relations Commit-

tee. He said later he was extremely

the treaties he said:
"I do not believe they have been de-

gle.
The committee referred the McCum

lence here for years.

Plan Radio War Code.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels con-

gratified at the action of the commit-

Millions Avoilable in Paris for Stranded—Ambassador Now Seeks a Port.

New Giant French Dirigible, Eclairour Conti, in the Act of Rising. The

Vessel Is Seventy-five Feet Long and Is Driven By Two Motors of

PARIS, Aug. 5.-Americans werble to cash checks and obtain funds odey for the first time since war was leclared and the country put under martial law. Through special arrangements made by Ambassador Herrick, several million dollars were available

Eighty Horsepower Each.

Ambassador Herrick is now negotiating for a port from which Americans may embark on the vessels to be ferred to a commission for investigacans may embark on the vessels to be sent by the United States Government. The American committee is alding all tourists in obtaining money and ar-ranging for passage from the country. have averted a world calamity.

## Americans Buy Ship To Bring Them Home

LONDON, Aug. 5.-Permission was received from the British government tolay for the steamer Viking to sail from Liverpool Mondoy. The Viking was purchased by a syndicate of marooned Americans. She will fly the American flag and will probably make several trips in returning Americans to their

## Cable to Germany Cut, Presumably by British

The German Cable Company's cables to Germany have been cut. Announcement was made today that the comcannot reach Azores station, which is the first landing of the line The British cruiser Berwick, one of the eet of British vessels off the North American coast, is especially equipped for cable laying and repairing and the assumption here is that she may have ut the German line The Deutsch-Atlantische Telegraphen-Gesellchaft operates the line via Em-den-Azores. Its announcement today states that no business can be accepted

Cutting of the cables leaves the United LONDON, Aug. 5.—In the house of commons this afternoon Premier Ascuring a common commo 3 "Beats" Scored in Day

The last message received from Karl H. Von Wiegand, United Press staff correspondent in Berlin was transmitted

## IN CONGRESS TODAY.

Run Gantlet of Ships Foreign Relations Committee orders favorable reports on Bryan peace treaties.

Favorable report from committee Warburg and Delane nominations. Senate passes Chamberlain resolution asking each department what are its relations with Rockefeller Foundation or Carnegie Endowment. Ship registry bill is considered. Vote to be had this evening on trade

Passed bill appropriating \$2,500,000 for relief of stranded Americans in Europe. Congressman Kindell delivered speech attacking parcel post rates as excessive. Took up bills on regular Wednesday

HOUSE.

Egypt To Be Neutral.

calendar.

# FOREIGN EMBASSIES

Great Britain Alone Has Nearly Complete Diplomatic Staff on Duty Here.

ritain; embassies of the European owers at war were practically closed Charge d'Affairs Barclay, with all but two members of the entire Brit-ish diplomatic staff, was in complete harge of England's affairs. Charge Clause, of France, is expected

At the German and Russian sles it was stated today that there were Hungarian embassy, telegraphed the sec-retary of the chancery from New York this afternoon that he would arrive some time today. The secretary said

until fall. The last attache at the em-bassy was called to Newport today by Ambassador Bakhmeteff. Callers at the embassy are instructed to trans

Count von Bernstorff, the Ger bassador, is still at Newport, but is ex-pected back at any moment.

Ambassador Jusserand, of France, is now in his native country, but he is

Ambassador Spring-Rice, of England, is at home, and he, too, is expected to return at the earliest possible date.

With the exception of Commander Burstyn, naval attache, the entire staff of the Austrian embassy is summering at Manchester.

The entire staff of the Japanese embassy is on duty at Washington.

Dr. Paul Ritter, Swiss minister, was one of the passengers returned to Bar Harbor on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

W. A. F. Ekengren, Sweden i envoy, is at Seal Harbor, Me.

Officials of the Italian embassy are expected to return to Washington from New England in a few days.

## Congressmen Stranded in War-Stricken Region

The enforced return of Congressmen Bartholdt and Barchfeld on the Krin-House members today to the fact that several of their colleagues are some-where in the strife-ridden sections of

ORDERED REPORTED

Europe.

Congressman George has been abroad for several weeks and is thought to be either in France or Italy. Congressman Loft of New York, sailed about the same time for a tour of Europe.

Congressman Ainey, a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, was in the Far East when last heard from, but is Far East when last heard from, but is Far East when last heard from, but is gressman Steenerson and Mrs. Steenerson, of Minnesota, left the United States only ten days ago and reached Stockholm about the time the situation became acute. It is probable that other House members who are marked "absent" on the roll calls are abroad, havenut. With war raging in Europe the cause of peace has apparently made advances in the Senate. The Foreign Relations Committee today ordered favorable reports on the new Bryan Graves and John B. Smallwood.

### Financial Storm Past In U. S., Declares McAdoo

tion before resort to war. The feeling Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo in in the committee is that such a an official statement last night declared course, followed in Europe, would that American finances had weathered the storm and that there need be no fear whatever of insufficient currency to move the crops and to meet the de-Secretary Bryan was at the Capitol mands of business. this morning, though he did not appear

"The situation throughout the country excellent," Secretary McAdoo deis excellent," Secretary McAdoo de-clared in his statement, "and no greater testimonial to the inherent strength of tee and that he had expected a report this week. When asked whether the European war had not hurried along the treaties he said:
"I do not believe they have been do." "I do not believe they have been detracted from by the situation in Surope."

Secretary McAdoo declared that the passage by unanimous vote of the House and Senate of the amendment to the Federal reserve board act, whereby the Secretary of the Treasury is vested with power to issue additional currency. In such amount, exceeding even \$500.00.

Senators on the fact that the treaties were reported.

Though it is late in the session, there is a possibility, in view of the European war situation and the apprehension that it may involve this country, that the treaties will be ratified before the session adjourns.

The provision in the treaties relating to limitation of armaments was stricken out.

Scope of Treaties Limited.

Scope of Treaties Limited.

The treaties do not cover questions of national honor. This raises doubt whether they would have been of real use in averting war in Europe had such treaties been in force there. Some of the nations at war feel their national honor is involved in the present strug-

#### Americans in Paris Are ber resolution requesting the President to offer to mediate in the European sit-Facing Serious Problem

With only about a week's visible food supply in Paris, the 20,000 Amer-By Times Correspondent icans stranded there are facing a serious crisis. Already many of the A new journalistic record, a series of Americans have been compelled to worldwide "beats" or "scoops," of the sell their jewelry and articles of utmost international importance was clothing for food and lodging. Fact

worldwide "beats" or "scoops," of the utmost international importance was scored yesterday by Ed L. Keen, general manager of the United Press staff in Europe, and London correspondent of The Times. Mr. Keen beat the opposition six and one-half hours on the German-French declaration of war; two hours and fifty minutes on the German-Belgian declaration, and one hour and fourteen minutes on the English-German declaration, and one hour and fourteen minutes on the English-German declaration. This means that The Times gave to its readers this news far in advance of the other Washington papers.

These three big "beats" are the first of their kind since the memorable "scoop" of the late Bob Larner, who was the first newspaperman in Washington to get the news of the declaration of war on Spain and President McKinlev's call for volunteers.

Ed L. Keen was in Washington at that time as mahager of the Washington Bureau of the United Press, which position he held for many years. He is well-Gon. Clarence Mackay, nead of the Bureau of the United Press, which position he held for many years. He is well-two children was more fortunate, and known to newspapermen and public officials in Washington, and made his resicapital.

## Mr. Keen was the man who put over twelve hour "beat" on Aguinaldo's Ollie James Asks U. S. Find Wife in War Zone

Senator Ollie James of Kentucky appealed to the State Department today ferred today with Captain Bullard, of the navy's radio service, to prescribe rules to govern wireless service during the European war. This is the first James had left Berlin with several other way. the navy's radio service, to prescribe rules to govern wireless service during the European war. This is the first time such a problem has confronted the Navy Department, and it may be neces-Americans in company with sian ambassador immediately after the ambassador had been handed his passports by the German government